

Psychology of Perception

Psychology 4165, Section 100

Fall 2005, Tuesday & Thursday, 9:30–10:45

Muenzinger D-156

Lewis O. Harvey, Jr. – Instructor



Ernst Mach (1838–1916)

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Syllabus Topics and Reading Assignments

22 Aug	Introduction	(BS 1)	25 Oct	Action and Motion	(BS 9)
24 Aug	Psychophysics	(SB Appendix)	27 Oct	Action and Motion	(BS 9)
30 Aug	Psychophysics •1	(Appendix)	1 Nov	Auditory System	(BS 10)
1 Sep	The Human Eye	(BS 2)	3 Nov	Auditory System •3	(BS 10)
6 Sep	The Human Eye	(BS 2)	8 Nov	Hearing & Listening	(BS 11)
8 Sep	The Eye and Seeing	(BS 3)	10 Nov	Hearing & Listening	(BS 11)
13 Sep	The Eye and Seeing	(BS 3)	15 Nov	Speech & Music •4	(BS 12)
15 Sep	The Brain & Seeing	(BS 4)	17 Nov	Speech & Music	(BS 12)
20 Sep	The Brain & Seeing	(BS 4)	22 Nov	Touch	(BS 13)
22 Sep	Spatial Vision	(BS 5)	24 Nov	Thanksgiving Holiday	
27 Sep	Spatial Vision •2	(BS 5)	29 Nov	Taste & Smell	(BS 14-15)
29 Sep	Object Perception	(BS 6)	1 Dec	Taste & Smell	(BS 14-15)
4 Oct	Color Perception	(BS 7)	6 Dec	Taste & Smell	(BS 14-15)
6 Oct	Color Perception	(BS 7)	8 Dec	Recapitulation	
11 Oct	Midterm Exam		13 Dec	Tuesday	
13 Oct	Fall Break			Final Examination	
				16:30–19:00	
18 Oct	3D Perception	(BS 8)			
20 Oct	3D Perception	(BS 8)	16 Dec	Commencement	

Textbooks Required for the Course

Blake, R. & Sekuler, R. W. (2006). *Perception* (5th ed.). New York: McGraw-Hill.

Martin, D. W. (2004). *Doing Psychology Experiments* (6th ed.). Pacific Grove, California: Brooks/Cole Publishing.

Note: The numbers in parentheses above refer to chapters in the Blake & Sekuler (BS) and the Martin (M) texts. Please read the indicated chapter before the class meeting.

Office Hours

Name	Lewis O. Harvey, Jr.	Benjamin L. Jacobson
Office	MUEN D-251b	MUEN E031
Hours	11:00–12:00 M,T,W and by appointment	15:30–17:00 T & R and by appointment
Telephone	303-492-8882	No phone
email	lharvey@psych.colorado.edu	jacobson@psych.colorado.edu
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Laboratory Schedule

Section L101: 12:30–15:20 Tuesday, Room MUEN D-156 (Benjy)

Section L102: 12:30–15:20 Thursday, Room MUEN D-156 (Benjy)

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|----------------------------------|--|
| 1. 30 Aug & 1 Sep 2005 | Begin Lab 1: Weight Discrimination
(Martin Chapter 1, Chapter 12) |
| 2. 6 & 8 September 2005 | Work on Lab 1 (Martin Chapter 13) |
| 3. 13 & 15 September 2005 | Lab 1 Report Due (30 points)
Begin Lab 2: Face Recognition
(Martin Chapter 12) |
| 4. 20 & 22 September 2005 | Work on Lab 2 |
| 5. 27 & 29 September 2005 | Work on Lab 2 |
| 6. 4 & 6 October 2005 | Work on Lab 2
Form Research Teams and start
working on Group Projects |
| 7. 11 & 13 October 2005 | Lab 2 Due (40 points)
Begin Lab 3: Color Naming |
| 8. 18 & 20 October 2005 | Work on Lab 3
First draft of group proposal due |
| 9. 25 & 27 October 2005 | Work on Group Projects (Lab 4) |
| 10. 1 & 3 November 2005 | Lab 3 due (50 points)
Second draft of project due
(Cover page, Introduction, References) |
| 11. 8 & 10 November 2005 | Collect Data for Lab 4 |
| 12. 15 & 17 November 2005 | Collect Data for Lab 4 |
| 13. 22 & 24 November 2005 | Analyze Data for Lab 4 |
| 14. 29 Nov & 1 Dec 2005 | Work on Presentation for Lab 4 |
| 15. Tuesday, 6 December 2005 | Group Project Presentations (20 points)
Group Project Report due (40 + 20 points)
Each group turns in one paper with a Cover page,
Introduction, Methods, Results and Reference
section and each member of the group turns in their
own discussion section. (80 points total: 40 points
for group report, 20 points for individual discussion
and 20 points for the group presentation). |
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Conditions Under Which The Course Operates

Lecture:

There will be two exams given during the semester: one mid-term and one final examination. Both are required. No make-up examinations will be given. You will receive a grade of zero for each exam not taken. Part of the semester grade will be based on homework assignments and class participation.

Laboratory:

The laboratory is not optional in Psychology 4165. There will be four assignments in laboratory. These assignments will be graded and the sum of the four grades will be your laboratory grade. All lab assignments must be written and printed with a computer word processor and all graphs must be prepared with a graphics or spread sheet program.

Grading:

Your final grade is computed from your exam scores, homework grades, participation grade, and the laboratory grade. The total possible points in the course is 800:

200	First Examination	(11 October 2005)
300	Final Exam	(13 December 2005)
80	Homework grade	
20	Class participation	
200	Laboratory Grade	

800	Total Possible Points	

Your final letter grade in the course will be assigned in the following manner. First a "Reference Score" will be calculated by taking the mean of the top five percent of the class. Your grade will be determined by how well you have done in comparison to this reference score:

	A >96.6%,	A- >93.3% of the reference score
B+ >90.0%,	B >86.6%,	B- >83.3% of the reference score
C+ >80.0%,	C >76.6%,	C- >73.3% of the reference score
D+ >70.0%,	D >66.6%,	D- >63.3% of the reference score
	F <63.3%	

It is therefore possible for the entire class to receive the grade of A. By the same token, it is also possible that very few people would receive an A.

Comments About The Psychology Of Perception

Why Take This Course?

There are three reasons to take this course: (1) To gain an understanding of the capabilities and limitations of our perceptual experiences; (2) to sharpen your ability to critically evaluate the results of experiments in light of theories of perception; and (3) to gain practical skills in the use of computers for designing experiments, for analyzing and graphing data, and for preparing written laboratory reports.

The study of perception is the oldest part of modern psychology. It developed from trying to answer two questions posed by philosophers: “How do we know what we know?” and “Why do things appear the way they appear?” Since most of what we know about the outside world comes to us through our sensory systems, our sensory capabilities were the first to be studied extensively. Perceptions are derived from neural and psychological mechanisms that operate on sensory information. We will study the seven main themes, taken from Table 1.1 of the Sekuler and Blake textbook, and learn how they apply to each of the senses:

1. **Sensory transduction and neural coding:** Sense organs transform physical energy into bioelectrical signals; perceptual qualities are coded in patterns of neural activity.
2. **Differences among species and among individuals:** Nonhuman animals possess sensory capabilities beyond the realm of human perceptual experience. Perceptual responses may differ from one individual human to another, or from one group of humans to another.
3. **Clinical insights and disordered perception:** Perceptual responses can be disordered by changes in sense organs, by neurological disease or by brain injury.
4. **Top-Down influences and attention:** A perceiver’s intentions and knowledge can influence perception, as can the context in which objects and events occur.
5. **Illusions and errors:** Perception sometimes provides misleading (but useful) descriptions of objects or events in the environment.
6. **Research methods and demonstrations:** Understanding perception requires sophisticated research methods. Demonstrations and exercises provided in the book amplify some of these research findings.
7. **Plasticity:** Experience and practice can modify perception

Prerequisites:

A broad understanding of the basic concepts from a general psychology course is assumed. You will be using methods of inferential statistics, such as those taught in Psychology 3101, to evaluate the results of your experiments. A facile ability with these methods in particular and with mathematical concepts through algebra and trigonometry are required. A familiarity with calculus is helpful but is not necessary. Please work through the eight questions on the next two pages. If you find these questions very difficult and you don’t even know how to find out how to answer them, you probably are not ready to take this course. You will need to make a considerable commitment of time. For each credit hour you should expect to spend 3 hours of class-related activities (studying, research, writing) per week. Since the class is a four-credit course expect to spend 12 additional hours per week outside the class and laboratory.

Skills Needed for Psychology of Perception

Question 1:

Rearrange the following linear equation to solve for b : $Y = a + b \cdot X$

$$b =$$

Question 2:

Solve the following equation for X : $Y = \log X$

$$X =$$

Question 3:

Compute the arithmetic mean and the standard deviation of this sample of numbers:
10.0, 9.0, 12.0, 11.0, 8.5, 13.0, 8.0, 10.0, 7.0, and 11.5:

$$\mu =$$

$$\sigma =$$

Question 4:

In an experiment you observe the number of times six different kinds of events occur ($n = 6$). A theoretical model makes predictions about how often these events *should* occur. These data are presented in the table below. Compute the chi-square (χ^2) statistic to test if the observed data are significantly different from the predicted data. You may assume $n-1$ degrees of freedom.

	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	E6
Observed Data	174.0	172.0	104.0	92.0	41.0	8.0
Predicted Data	175.5	167.8	106.5	90.4	44.3	6.5

$$\chi^2 =$$

Question 5:

In an experiment with two levels of an independent variable you observe the following values of the dependent variable for 10 subjects (five were tested under level 1 and five under level 2). Compute the mean of each column and calculate a t-test (or ANOVA if you wish) to test the hypothesis that there is a significant difference between the means:

Level 1		Level 2	
Subject	Dependent	Subject	Dependent
1	8.0	6	10.0
2	9.0	7	9.5
3	7.5	8	11.0
4	7.0	9	9.0
5	8.5	10	10.5
Mean		Mean	

$t(df) =$

$p =$

Question 6:

Convert the probability 0.8413447 to a z-score based on the unit, normal Gaussian distribution. What is the probability that a single sample drawn from a population having a Gaussian distribution with a mean of 0.0 and a standard deviation of 1.0 will have a value of 1.959964 or greater?

Question 7:

Using least-squares linear regression, compute the slope (b) and y-intercept (a) of the straight line ($y = a + b \cdot x$) that best fits the following set of data:

x	1.0	3.0	5.0	7.0	9.0
y	4.1	9.9	16.1	22.0	27.9

$a =$

$b =$

$R^2 =$

Question 8:

Plot the data in Question 7 on a graph using linear axes. The x-axis should have a range of 0.0 to 10.0 and the y-axis should range from 0.0 to 30.

AGREEMENTS FOR PARTICIPATING IN THE COURSE

The purpose of these agreements is to create a condition that allows all people in the class to get maximum value from the course.

AGREEMENTS

- 1 You agree to be responsible for these agreements.
- 2 You agree to be on time to class and to your laboratory meetings.
- 3 You agree to complete the assigned reading and homework on time.
- 4 You agree to complete your laboratory assignments on time.
- 5 You agree to attend all class and laboratory meetings unless an emergency comes up.
- 6 You agree to understand the material.
- 7 You agree to ask questions when you don't understand the material.
- 8 You agree to communicate any complaints and criticisms you may have only to someone who can do something about the situation and you agree not to complain or to criticize to someone who cannot do something about the situation.
- 9 You agree to get value out of your participation in the course.

If you attend the next class meeting, you are accepting responsibility for the above agreements.

Academic Integrity Policy

A university's intellectual reputation depends on maintaining the highest standards of intellectual honesty. Commitment to those standards is a responsibility of every student, faculty, and staff member on the University of Colorado at Boulder campus.

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Honor Code

A student-run Honor Code was instituted on the Boulder Campus in 2002. The intent of the Honor Code is to establish a community of trust where students do not plagiarize, cheat, or obtain unauthorized academic materials. An honor code council collaborates with the colleges and schools in addressing allegations and instances of academic dishonesty and in assisting to educate all members of the university community on academic integrity issues.

Breaches of academic honesty include cheating, plagiarism, and the unauthorized possession of examinations, papers, computer programs, as well as other class materials specifically released by the faculty.

A student accused of academic dishonesty will either accept the accusation made by a faculty member or request a hearing before a student panel, who will make a decision on the accusation of academic dishonesty. In addition to academic sanctions imposed by the faculty, students found guilty of academic dishonesty also face consequences from the honor code council ranging from attending a mandatory class in ethics to expulsion from the campus. More information about CU-Boulder's Honor Code may be found at www.colorado.edu/academics/honorcode/Home.html.

The following terms are clarified for the benefit of all members of the university community.

Cheating

Cheating is defined as using unauthorized materials or receiving unauthorized assistance during an examination or other academic exercise. Examples of cheating include: copying the work of another student during an examination or other academic exercise (includes computer programming), or permitting another student to copy one's work; taking an examination for another student or allowing another student to take one's examination; possessing unauthorized notes, study sheets, examinations, or other materials during an examination or other academic exercise; collaborating with another student during an academic exercise without the instructor's consent; and/or falsifying examination results.

Plagiarism

Plagiarism is defined as the use of another's ideas or words without appropriate acknowledgment. Examples of plagiarism include: failing to use quotation marks when directly quoting from a source; failing to document distinctive ideas from a source; fabricating or inventing sources; and copying information from computer-based sources, i.e., the Internet.

Unauthorized Possession or Disposition of Academic Materials

Unauthorized possession or disposition of academic materials may include: selling or purchasing examinations, papers, reports or other academic work; taking another student's academic work without permission; possessing examinations, papers, reports, or other assignments not released by an instructor; and/or submitting the same paper for multiple classes without advance instructor authorization and approval.

Reproduced from: <http://www.colorado.edu/policies/acadinteg.html>

Check out http://www.marymount.edu/academic/sehs/ps/plagiarism_glines/index.html for explicit examples.

Statements Recommended by Associate Vice Chancellor for Undergraduate Education, Michael Grant

1. *Recommended syllabus statement on disabilities:* If you qualify for accommodations because of a disability, please submit a letter to me from Disability Services in a timely manner so that your needs may be addressed. Disability Services determines accommodations based on documented disabilities. Contact: 303-492-8671, Willard 322, or **<http://www.Colorado.EDU/disabilityservices/>**
2. *Recommended syllabus statement on religious observances:* Campus policy regarding religious observances requires that faculty make every effort to reasonably and fairly deal with all students who, because of religious obligations, have conflicts with scheduled exams, assignments or required attendance. Please speak with me at the start of the semester if you have a conflict. See policy details at **http://www.colorado.edu/policies/fac_relig.html/**
3. *Recommended syllabus statement on classroom behavior:* Students and faculty each have responsibility for maintaining an appropriate learning environment. Students who fail to adhere to behavioral standards may be subject to discipline. Faculty have the professional responsibility to treat students with understanding, dignity and respect, to guide classroom discussion and to set reasonable limits on the manner in which students express opinions. See policies at **<http://www.colorado.edu/policies/classbehavior.html/>** and at **http://www.colorado.edu/studentaffairs/judicialaffairs/code.html#student_code/**
4. *Recommended syllabus statement on the Honor Code:* All students of the University of Colorado at Boulder are responsible for knowing and adhering to the academic integrity policy of this institution. Violations of this policy may include: cheating, plagiarism, aid of academic dishonesty, fabrication, lying, bribery, and threatening behavior. All incidents of academic misconduct shall be reported to the Honor Code Council (honor@colorado.edu; 303-725-2273). Students who are found to be in violation of the academic integrity policy will be subject to both academic sanctions from the faculty member and non-academic sanctions (including but not limited to university probation, suspension, or expulsion). Additional information on the Honor Code can be found at **<http://www.colorado.edu/policies/honor.html/>** and at **<http://www.colorado.edu/academics/honorcode/>**
5. The University of Colorado at Boulder policy on Discrimination and Harassment the University of Colorado policy on Sexual Harassment and the University of Colorado policy on Amorous Relationships applies to all students, staff and faculty. Any student, staff or faculty member who believes s/he has been the subject of discrimination or harassment based upon race, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, religion, sexual orientation, or veteran status should contact the Office of Discrimination and Harassment at 303-492-2127 or the Office of Judicial Affairs at 303-492-5550. Information about the campus resources available regarding discrimination or harassment can be obtained at **<http://www.colorado.edu/policies/discrimination.html>**
<http://www.colorado.edu/odh>