Homework 2: Contrast Sensitivity 20 Points: Due at the beginning of class, Wednesday, 21 June 2006

There are two parts to this homework assignment. Each part counts 10 points. Late homework will receive a grade of zero.

Part 1:

In the table below are given the contrasts for detecting (at $d_a = 1.0$) sine wave gratings of various spatial frequencies. Assume that stimuli having amplitude less than these values would not be visible.

| cpd | contrast |
|------|----------|
| 1.0 | 0.00409 |
| 1.25 | 0.00377 |
| 1.90 | 0.00274 |
| 2.65 | 0.00229 |
| 3.75 | 0.00175 |
| 5.50 | 0.00157 |
| 7.50 | 0.00164 |
| 8.00 | 0.00198 |

| contrast |
|----------|
| 0.00208 |
| 0.00278 |
| 0.00489 |
| 0.00845 |
| 0.0150 |
| 0.0377 |
| 0.0702 |
| 0.362 |
| |

- a. Will a 3.0 cpd sine wave grating with contrast of 0.005 be visible? Why?
- b. Will a 30.0 cpd sine wave grating with contrast of 0.005 be visible? Why?

Part 2:

Use the contrast threshold data in the table and plot two graphs of the contrast sensitivity function (CSF) with contrast sensitivity (S = 1/(contrast)) on the vertical axis and spatial frequency on the horizontal axis. Make both the x-and the y-axes have logarithmic coordinates. Compare this graph with CSFs in the textbook. Are they the same or are there differences?